1. Introduction

The purpose of this survey is to update the information gathered from the 2011 survey on state-level policies and procedures governing public higher education tuition, fees, and student financial assistance. This is NOT a survey of the actual rates or amounts of current tuition, since other sources already exist for those data. The term "tuition" as used in the survey includes all standard student charges including required "education fees" in states that prohibit tuition per se.

There are eight sections to this survey (please note numbering restarts at the beginning of each page):

- 1. Tuition-Setting Philosophy
- 2. Tuition-Setting Authority and Process
- 3. Tuition-Setting for Resident Undergraduate Students
- 4. Tuition-Setting for Nonresident Undergraduate Students
- 5. Other Tuition Policies
- 6 Student Fees
- 7. Student Financial Assistance
- 8. Alignment of State Fiscal Policies

Please be as complete as possible in your responses to each of the questions. Responses should reflect policies and procedures in place for the 2012-13 academic year (FY 2012-13). Your responses will be saved as soon as you hit the "Next" button at the bottom of the page. If you click "Exit This Survey," your responses for that page will not be saved.

If you have any documents to submit along with this survey, please send them to Andy Carlson (acarlson@sheeo.org).

Thank you very much for your participation. If you have any questions, please contact Andy via email (acarlson@sheeo.org) or phone (303) 541-1607.

*1. Before you begin, please provide us with your information. These information items must be completed in order to move on to the survey.

Name (first and last):	
SHEEO Agency or Higher Education Agency:	
Ludoution Agency:	
State:	
Email Address:	

2. Tuition-Setting Philosophy 1. Which of the following statements best describes the overall tuition philosophy or approach for public colleges and universities in your state? (Check all that apply) Two-year sector Tuition should be as low as possible Tuition should be moderate Tuition should be as high as necessary to ensure quality Tuition policy is guided by institutional-level philosophy or budgetary needs Tuition rates should align with peer tuition rates

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Tuition should be set to offest reductions in state support		
No statewide tuition philosophy exists		
Other (please specify):		
2. Describe the rationale for the philosophy st	eted above (e.g. tuition should	he low to
maximize access, high tuition is combined wit	n nigh financial ald, institutions	s pest
inderstand their fiscal situations, etc.).		
		_
		V
3. How is this tuition philosophy formalized in	your state? (Check one per sec	-
	•	ctor) Four-year sec
In state Constitution	Two-year sector	Four-year sec
In state Constitution In legislative statute	Two-year sector	Four-year sec
In state Constitution In legislative statute By state rule	Two-year sector	Four-year sec
In state Constitution In legislative statute By state rule By board rule/policy	Two-year sector	Four-year sec
In state Constitution In legislative statute By state rule By board rule/policy Not formalized at state level	Two-year sector	Four-year sec
B. How is this tuition philosophy formalized in In state Constitution In legislative statute By state rule By board rule/policy Not formalized at state level Clarifying comments:	Two-year sector	Four-year sec
In state Constitution In legislative statute By state rule By board rule/policy Not formalized at state level	Two-year sector	Four-year sec

2012-2013 State Tuition, Fees, and Financial Assistance Survey 4. Have economic conditions since FY 2008 led to any short-term actions or policies on tuition that differ from the general philosophies describe above? O No Yes, institutions/governing boards have greater flexibility to set tuition in response to state funding cuts Yes, greater restrictions on tuition setting in order to maintain affordability and access Yes, other Please describe: 5. Describe any changes in tuition policy (not changes in tuition levels) in your state since FY 2008 (the economic downturn). 6. Describe any potential tuition policy changes that have been proposed or discussed by the state legislature, board members, the SHEEO agency, or by the governor - for the immediate future in your state.

. Tuition-Setting	J Authority and I	Process		
. Please briefly de	escribe your state'	s tuition-setting proc	ess.	
				¥
. What role does	each of the followi	ng individuals or enti	ties play in est	ablishing tuition
ates and/or tuitio	n policies for the F	OUR-YEAR SECTOR	in your state?	(Check all that
ipply)				
	Full legal decision-making	Informal/consultative role	No role	Other role
Governor	authority	П		
Legislature				
Statewide coordinating/governing agency for multiple systems				
Coordinating/governing board(s) for individual systems				
Local district governing board(s)				
Individual institutions				
		ng individuals or enti WO-YEAR SECTOR in		•
Governor		П		
Legislature				
Statewide coordinating/governing agency for multiple systems				
Coordinating/governing board(s) for individual systems				
Local district governing board(s)				
Individual institutions				Page 31

2012-2013 State Tuition, Fees, and Financial Assistance Survey 4. Which of the entities above has the primary authority for establishing tuition? (Check one per sector) Two-year sector Four-year sector П П Governor Legislature Statewide coordinating/governing agency for multiple systems Coordinating/governing board(s) for individual systems Local district governing board(s) Individual institutions 5. If individual institutions have primary authority, which of the following statements best describes the nature of their authority? (Check one per sector) Two-year Four-year sector sector Individual institutions set tuition rates within very strict quidelines or parameters established by local or state-level П entities (e.g., a footnote in the appropriations bill providing a percent increase on tuition rates) Individual institutions set tuition rates within moderate or limited guidelines established by local or state-level entities (e.g., guidance that tuition rate increases should not exceed inflation) Individual institutions set tuition rates with no external restrictions, but are influenced by expressed opinions Not applicable 6. How has the the tuition-setting process and authority changed in your state over the last three years and what has caused those changes (e.g., changes in legislative leadership, term limits, etc.)? 7. What incentives (explicit or implicit) exist at the state or institutional level to minimize tuition increases?

8. Which of the following tuition revenue appropriation policies are in place in your state? (Check all that apply)

	Two-year sector	Four-year sector
Tuition revenues are controlled and retained by individual institutions or campuses		
Tuition revenues are deposited into separate, institutionally designated state tuition accounts from which all funds must be appropriated prior to expenditure		
Tuition is appropriated and is a direct offset of the state general revenue appropriation		
Tuition revenues are retained at the state level but under the direct control of a state governing or coordinating board		
Tuition revenues are deposited into state general funds, with their return to higher education only inferred		
Other (please specify):		

4. Tuition-Setting for Resident Undergraduate Students

1. The following factors may be used by various individuals/groups who set public resident undergraduate tuition rates in the states. Please indicate the level of influence exerted by each of the factors in decision-making about tuition levels for the FOUR-YEAR SECTOR in your state. If individual institutions are responsible for setting tuition, use your best judgment in assessing the role of each factor in the statewide aggregate.

	Minimal to no influence	Moderate influence	Significant influence	Controlling influence
Inflationary indices (CPI, HECA, HEPI, etc.)	0	O	O	0
State per capita personal or disposable income	O	O	O	O
State general fund appropriations	0	O	O	0
Tuition charged by peer institutions	0	O	0	0
Tuition policies of comparison states	О	0	О	О
Institutional mission	0	0	O	0
Cost of instruction	0	0	O	O
Prior year's tuition	0	O	0	O
Availability of/appropriations for financial aid	О	O	0	С
State workforce needs	O	0	C	0
State philosophy about the appropriate share of tuition costs to be borne by students vs. the state	О	О	О	С
A policy cap on the percentage or dollar increase for tuition Other (please specify):	С	С	О	О
(piedes spesify).				A

2. Please indicate the level of influence exerted by each of the factors in decision-making about resident undergraduate tuition levels for the TWO-YEAR SECTOR in your state. If individual institutions are responsible for setting tuition, use your best judgment in assessing the role of each factor in the statewide aggregate.

	Minimal to no influence	Moderate influence	Significant influence	Controlling influence	
Inflationary indices (CPI, HECA, HEPI, etc.)	О	С	О	С	
State per capita personal or disposable income	O	O	О	O	
State general fund appropriations	O	O	0	0	
Tuition charged by peer institutions	O	O	O	O	
Tuition policies of comparison states	0	O	O	0	
Institutional mission	C	0	O	0	
Cost of instruction	O	0	О	0	
Prior year's tuition	O	0	0	0	
Availability of/appropriations for financial aid	С	С	О	С	
State workforce needs	O	0	0	0	
State philosophy about the appropriate share of tuition costs to be borne by students vs. the state	О	С	О	С	
A policy cap on the percentage or dollar increase for tuition	O	O	O	O	
Other (please specify):					
				<u>~</u>	

3. If you indicated that cost of instruction has an influence, please indicate approximately what percent of the cost of instruction is covered by tuition:

Two-year sector	
Four-year sector	

2012-2013 State Tuition, Fee	es, and Financial Assistance Survey
• •	e the three most influential factors in setting resident e FOUR-YEAR SECTOR in your state over the past three
fiscal years:	
1.	
2.	
3.	
undergraduate tuition rates for the	e the three most influential factors in setting resident e TWO-YEAR SECTOR in your state over the past three
fiscal years:	
2.	
3.	
C Yes If yes, please describe and indicate if it was applied di	fferentially to various sectors or institutions:
7. Does your state have a policy the to be set aside for student financial	nat requires a portion of revenue from tuition increases al aid?
C No	
C Yes	
If yes, please describe and provide the percentage ap	oplied to financial aid:

8. Differential tuition results when groups or individuals pay different tuition rates based
on certain criteria, such as level of study, major, etc. Indicate if any of the following type
of differential tuition are used for resident undergraduate students at public colleges an
universities in your state. (Check all that apply)

	Two-year	Four-year
	sector	sector
Lower division/Upper division		
Programmatic (varies by college/department, major or course)		
Credit/Non-credit		
In-district/Out-of-district (two-year schools only)		
On-site or classroom based instruction/Off-site or distance education		
Credit hours beyond a specific number (e.g., credit hours accumulated above 140 are charged at a higher rate)		
Cohort-based tuition (Fixed rate for a cohort of entering freshmen for some specified period of time)		
		-41 -
Resident Undergraduate Block Tuition: Which of the following practic	es exist w	ithin

,			
	Statewide policy	Varies by sector	Varies by institution within sector
Tuition is set per credit hour regardless of how many credits the student is taking			
Tuition is set at a flat rate for full-time students			
A per credit surcharge is imposed at or above a specific number of credit hours			
No formal statewide policy exists on resident undergraduate tuition setting			
Other (please specify):			
			<u> </u>

10. If you indicated that tuition is set at a flat rate for full-time students, please indicate the number or range of credit hours taken, if known, and describe to which

institutions/sectors the flat rate applies.	
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5. Tuition-Setting for Nonresident Undergraduate Students

1. Which of the f	ollowing statements describe how nonresident undergraduate tuition is
set in your state	? (Check all that apply)

	Two-year	Four-year
	sector	sector
Nonresident tuition is set at a mandated percentage of the cost of undergraduate instruction		
Nonresident tuition is indexed to the undergraduate resident tuition (e.g., 2 times the resident tuition rate)		
Nonresident tuition is aligned with rates at peer institutions		
Nonresident tuition is market-based and institutions should charge what students can afford to pay		
o formal policy exists on nonresident undergraduate tuition setting		
ther (please specify):		
. If you indicated that nonresident tuition is a percentage of the cost of i	ındergrad	luate

instruction or a percentage of resident tuition, please indicate those percentages:

Percentage of the cost of undergraduate instruction (2-year sector)	
Percentage of the cost of undergraduate instruction (4-year sector)	
Percentage of resident undergraduate tuition (2-year sector)	
Percentage of resident undergraduate tuition (4-year sector)	

6. Other Tuition Policies

1. In addition to the general undergraduate tuition reciprocity agreements that exist within the regional higher education associations (MHEC, NEBHE, SREB, WICHE), does your state have a policy specific to students from neighboring states or individual counties (e.g., a "good neighbor" policy)? If yes, please briefly describe and provide a link to or a copy of the policy.
v
2. Has your state considered a policy regarding tuition rates for undocumented immigrants? (Check one)
C No
C Yes, consideration of a policy to prohibit resident tuition rates for undocumented students
C Yes, consideration of a policy to charge resident tuition rates for undocumented students
O Yes, consideration of a policy to charge tuition rate other than nonresident rate or resident rate for undocumented students
3. If you answered yes to question 2 above, was a policy implemented? (Please describe and provide a link to the policy if available)
C Yes
O No
Please describe:

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Unless otherwise stated, the term "fees" applies only to mandatory fees, as opposed to designated fees. Mandatory fees are defined as charges that most full-time students are required to pay in addition to tuition. Designated fees are defined as charges that apply to specific classifications only, such as certain courses, programs, services, or groups of

1. Describe the philosophy in your state specifical example, fees make up for tuition limitations, fees	•	•
2. How is this fee policy formalized in your state?	(Check one per sector)	ı
	Two-year sector	Four-year sector
In state Constitution		
In legislative statute		
By state rule		
By board rule/policy		
Not formalized at state level		
Clarifying comments:		
		<u></u>



state legislature, board members, the SHEEO agency, or by the governor in your state.

i. Has there been a curb, cap, freeze or other	r limit placed on fees in the p	ast three fiscal
O No		
C Yes		
f yes, please describe:		
		<u> </u>
5. Please indicate which entities in your state Check all that apply)	-	-
Governor	Two-year sector	Four-year sector
Legislature		
State coordinating/governing agency		П
ndividual / system governing board(s)		
_ocal district governing board(s) (two-year only)		
Other (please specify):		
talor (please speelly).		

8. Student Financial Assistance

1. Check which, if any, of the following student financial assistance programs your state offers.

	Offered under state statute	Offered through a formal policy but not in statute	Offered at discretion of institutions	Not offered
Need-based grants	0	О	0	0
Merit-based grants	O	0	0	0
Blended program (need and merit)	О	O	О	O
Work Study	0	0	0	O
Categorical program targeted to a specific population	С	O	С	O
Other (please specify):				

2. How are individual student financial aid awards calculated and allocated in your state for each of the state funded grant programs?

	Through a central, state-level office	At the institutional level	Not applicable/no such program
Need-based grants	С	О	О
Merit-based grants	O	С	О
Blended program (need and merit)	С	С	О
Work Study	O	С	О
Categorical program targeted to a specific population	С	О	С
Other (please specify):			
			_

3. The following is a list of possible goals of student financial aid policy. Understanding that multiple programs might exist in your state to meet a variety of objectives, please indicate the goals that are most influential in the creation and administration for each type of state financial aid program.

of state financial	aid program.				
			Goals		
Need-based grants					
Merit-based grants					
Blended program (need and merit)					
Work Study					
Categorical program targeted to a specific population					
Other program					
Other (please specify)					
4. How is this fina	ancial aid philos	sophy formalize	d in your stat	e? (Check one	per row)
	In state Constitution	In legislative statute	By state rule	By board rule/policy	Not formalized at the state level
Need-based grants	О	О	0	0	0
Merit-based grants	0	C	O	O	O
Blended program (need and merit)	O	O	O	0	0
Work Study	0	C	O	O	O
Categorical program targeted to a specific population	О	О	С	О	О
Clarifying comments:					
					Y
5. Describe any s	ignificant chang	ges in the overa	II state financ	ial aid appropri	iations in the
last three fiscal y		•			
,					

2012-2013 State Tuition, Fees, and Financial Assistance Survey
6. Describe any significant changes in financial aid grant awards to individual students in
the last three fiscal years.
7. Describe how reductions in available state funding for financial aid programs have been
handled in your state (e.g., grant awards made based on "first come first served", changes
made to eligibility requirements to reduce the size of the eligible population, etc.). Specify
where this policy is formalized, if applicable.
▼
8. Describe any financial aid policy changes (not financial aid appropriations) and the reasons for them in the last three fiscal years.
9. Is your state considering any major reforms to existing state financial aid programs in the next few years? If so, please describe.

aid?	e a formal policy regarding th	e mix between merit and need-base
C No		
C Yes		
If yes, please describe:		
		<u></u>
	rams in your state, specify w	hether students attending nstitutions are eligible to receive aid
	Independent, non-profit institutions	Independent, for-profit institutions
Need-based grants		
Merit-based grants		
Blended program (need and merit)		
Work Study		
Categorical program targeted to a specific population		
Additional comments:		
		<u>~</u>

12. Do the public institutions in your state provide tuition waivers (full or partial) or other financial assistance for particular categories of students (e.g., dependents of faculty/ staff, military personnel, senior citizens, etc.)?

	Assistance offered under state statute	Assistance offered through a formal policy but not in statute	Assistance offered at discretion of institutions	Assistance not offered
Graduate assistants	0	0	0	0
Student athletes	O	0	0	O
Faculty/staff members	O	0	0	0
Dependents of faculty/staff members	O	0	O	O
State employees/civil servants (other than faculty/staff)	O	0	0	O
Dependents of state employees/civil servants	O	O	0	O
Dependents of deceased police officers or firefighters	O	O	0	O
Participants in public service programs	С	0	0	O
Military (Active)	О	0	О	0
Military (Honorably discharged)	С	0	0	
Dependents of military	O	0	О	0
Senior Citizens	C	0	O	0
Students who qualify for need-based aid	O	0	О	0
Students who qualify for merit-based aid	С	0	0	O
Other (please specify):				
13. Please provide any nece	essary clarifying	comments for t	he above questi	on.
				<u></u>

14. In which of the following occupational areas does your state provide assistance, loan forgiveness and/or loan repayment programs to those who provide service to the state following graduation? (Check all that apply)

	In-School Financial Assistance	Loan Forgiveness	On-the-Job Loan Repayment
Teaching			
Nursing			
Medicine/ Dentistry/ Optometry			
Engineering			
Information technology			
Child care			
Other (please describe):			
15. Please describe any difference	ces in philosophy or po	olicy concerning	student financial
aid at public two-year vs. public f		•	
			Y
		changes in, a pre	epaid tuition
16. If your state is considering ar program or a college savings pla		changes in, a pre	epaid tuition
	n, please describe. as been given in your st	ate to the impac	et that tuition

012-2013 State Tuition, Fees, and Financial Output Discreption Disc	Assistanc	e Survey	
1. Describe any initiatives being discussed in your stat college for students and their families. Include any initi agencies to provide consumer information on college education, including financial aid programs. Please prowritten materials developed.	atives or coll price and the	aboration we financing o	rith other of higher
2. Below is a list of possible state policy responses to feducation tax credits and deductions, including the HCCC Check which of the following actions, if any, have been under consideration, and those not under consideration.	OPE and Lifet taken in you	time Learnin ur state, tho	g Credit.
	Action Taken	Under Consideration	Not Under Consideration
Raise tuition to take advantage of new tax credits		Consideration	Consideration
Take federal tax credits into account when calculating state student aid eligibility			
Create state-level programs that replicate the federal initiatives			
Conform the state tax code to federal policy to simplify the tax process for families			
Create a state prepayment or college savings plan			
Publicize the availability of federal tax credits as a means to finance college			
Provide bridge loans to students			
Other (please specify):			
			A
3. Describe the relationship (formal or informal) between policies in your state (e.g., viewed as similar but differ		•	

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2012-2013 S	State Tuition	, Fees, an	d Financia	ıl Assistand	e Survey	
4. Describe th policies in you differences th	ur state (e.g., l	nigh tuition/hi	gh aid, no rel	_		
						<u> </u>
5. How is your policies?	r state working	g to coordinat	te state appr	opriations, tui	ition, and fin	ancial aid
						<u></u>
						_